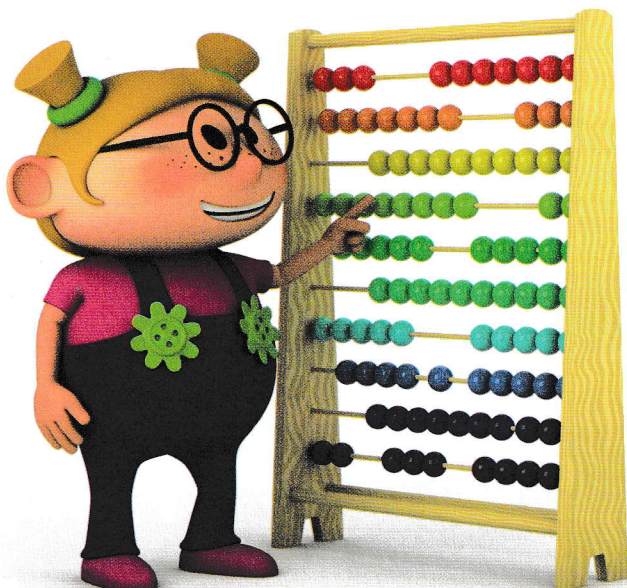


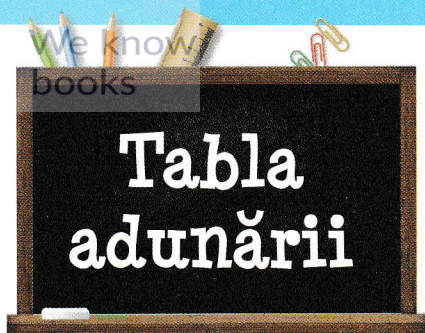
LBRIS

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gama®

Prima mea carte de

Calcul rapid





+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0	1	2	3	4	5					
1	1	2	3	4	5						
2	2	3	4	5							
3	3	4	5								
4	4	5									
5	5										
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											

$$1+1= \quad 3+4= \quad 9+1= \quad 2+2=$$

Proprietățile adunării

Completează tabla adunării și răspunde la întrebări:

• Ce reprezintă fiecare rezultat de pe diagonală galbenă?

R.

• Ce fel de numere se regăsesc pe diagonală galbenă?

R.

• Ce fel de numere sunt în casetele portocalii?

R.

• Cum sunt distribuite rezultatele în tabel față de diagonală galbenă?

R.

• Ce reprezintă numerele de pe diagonală albastră?

R.

• Unde se află, în tabel, numerele mai mici decât 10 și unde sunt cele mai mari decât 10?

R.

• Ce semnifică rezultatele de pe prima linie/ prima coloană?

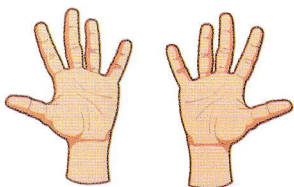
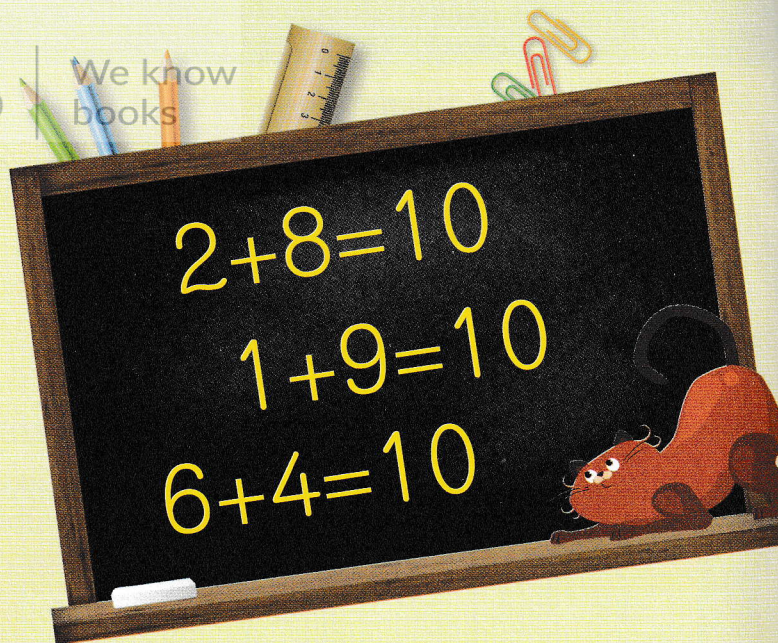
R.

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Perechi de numere cu suma 10

clasa I

Calculează!



$$\square + \square = \square$$

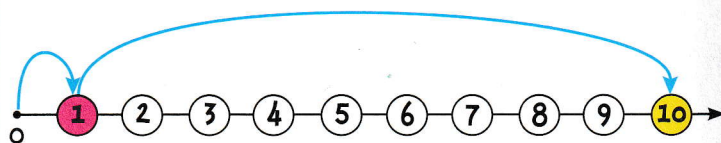


$$\square + \square = \square$$



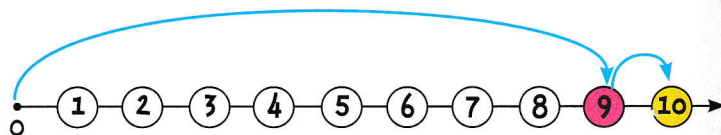
$$\square + \square = \square$$

1



$$1 + 9 = 10$$

2



$$9 + 1 = \square$$

Ce observi? Rezultatele sunt

Observație: pentru a simplifica explicațiile, vom numi numerele care au suma 10 „numere complementare”.

Află numerele care lipsesc!

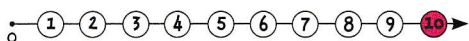
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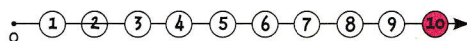
2 minute

1

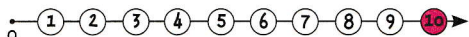


$$8 + \boxed{} = 10$$

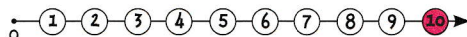
2



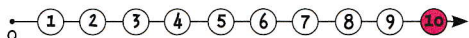
$$2 + \boxed{} = 10$$



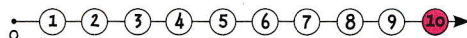
$$7 + \boxed{} = 10$$



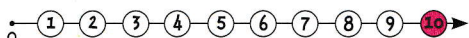
$$3 + \boxed{} = 10$$



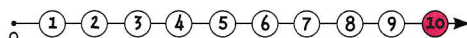
$$6 + 4 = \boxed{} \boxed{}$$



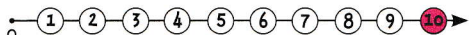
$$4 + 6 = \boxed{} \boxed{}$$



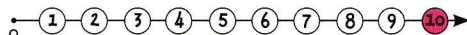
$$\boxed{} + 9 = 10$$



$$\boxed{} + 1 = 10$$



$$5 + \boxed{} = 10$$



$$\boxed{} \boxed{} + 0 = 10$$

Perechi de
numere cu suma
formată din zeci

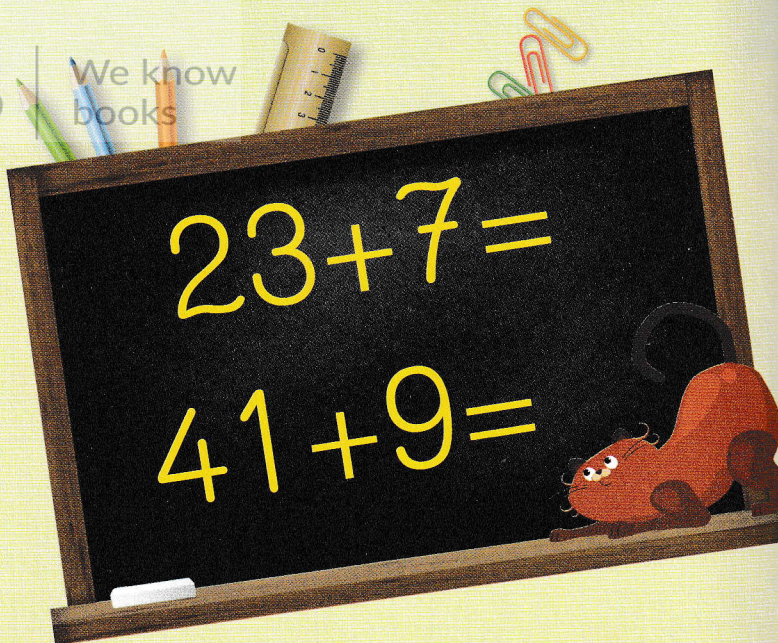
clasa I

Calculează!

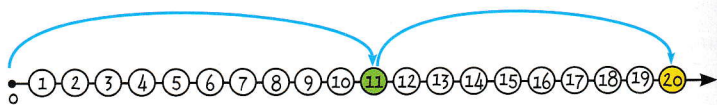
$$\begin{array}{r} 12 + \\ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 + \\ 23 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44 + \\ 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

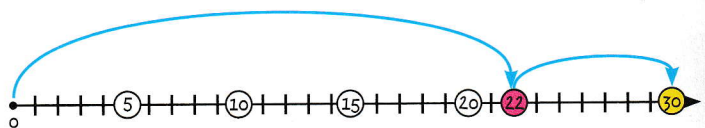


1



$$11 + 9 = 20$$

2



$$22 + 8 = 30$$

Completează cu numerele care lipsesc

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 →

1 $11 + 9 = \square$

$19 + \square = 20$

$12 + \square = 20$

$18 + \square = 20$

$13 + \square = 20$

$17 + \square = 20$

$14 + \square = 20$

$16 + \square = 20$

$15 + \square = 20$

$20 + \square = 20$



2 $21 + \square = 30$

$29 + \square = 30$

$75 + \square = 80$

$61 + \square = 70$

$43 + \square = 50$

$38 + \square = 40$

$32 + \square = 40$

$86 + \square = 90$

$54 + \square = 60$

$47 + \square = 50$

$96 + \square = 100$

$77 + \square = 80$

$65 + \square = 70$

$83 + \square = 90$

$26 + \square = 30$

$25 + \square = 30$

$74 + \square = 80$

$92 + \square = 100$

$37 + \square = 40$

$49 + \square = 50$

$91 + \square = 100$

$72 + \square = 80$



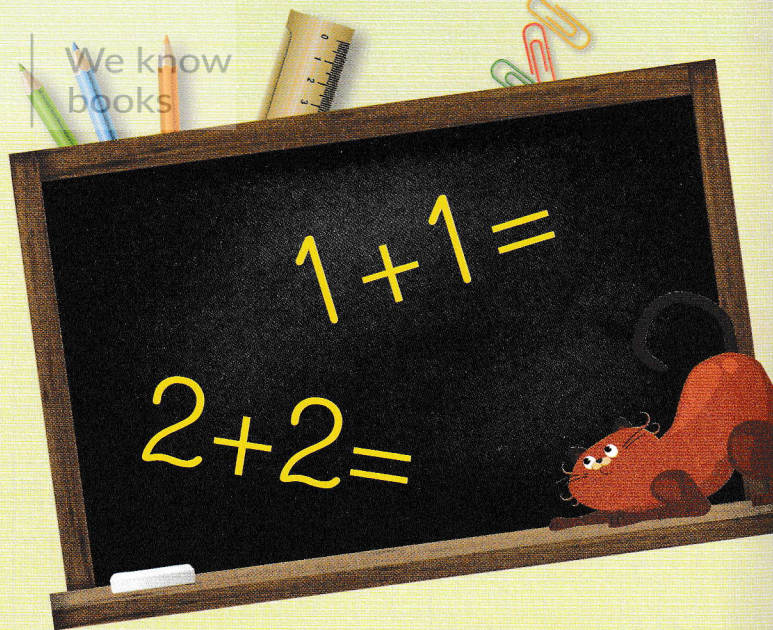
clasa I

Calculează!

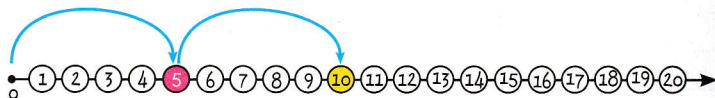
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 + \\ 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 + \\ 12 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 + \\ 14 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

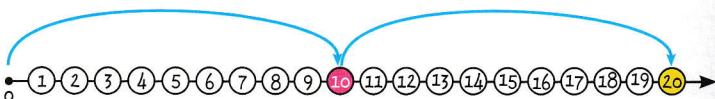


1



$$5 + 5 = 10$$

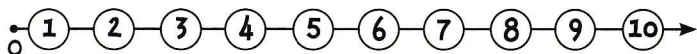
2



$$10 + 10 = \square$$



1



$1 + 1 = \square$

$4 + 4 = \square$

$5 + 5 = \square$

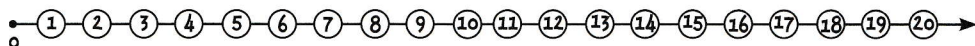
$3 + 3 = \square$

$0 + 0 = \square$

$2 + 2 = \square$



2



$9 + 9 = \square \square$

$7 + 7 = \square \square$

$10 + 10 = \square \square$

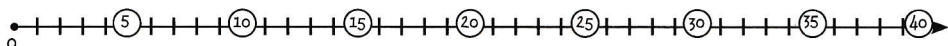
$6 + 6 = \square \square$

$5 + 5 = \square \square$

$8 + 8 = \square \square$

Ce observi, privind rezultatele?

Un mic ajutor: așază în ordine crescătoare toate rezultatele!



$11 + 11 = \square \square$

$14 + 14 = \square \square$

$13 + 13 = \square \square$

$20 + 20 = \square \square$